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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III

Wasnington, Dress.

FEB 2 & 2005

SEC FILE NUMBER

8- 50445

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Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a 5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	01/01/04	AND ENDING	12/31/04
	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY
A. REGI	STRANT IDENTIFICA	TION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Clark Securities	es, Inc.		OFFICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSIN	NESS: (Do not use P.O. Box	No.)	FIRM I.D. NO.
633 West Fifth Street, 52nd Floor			
	(No. and Street)		
Los Angeles	CA	900	71-2086
(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PER Brenda Imes	SON TO CONTACT IN REC	GARD TO THIS RE	PORT (213) 438-6334
			(Area Code - Telephone Number
B. ACCO	OUNTANT IDENTIFICA	ATION	(Area Code - Telephone Number
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT wh		iis Report*	(Area Code – Telephone Number
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT wh Deloitte & Touche	ose opinion is contained in th	iis Report*	(Area Code – Telephone Number
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT wh Deloitte & Touche	ose opinion is contained in th	nis Report*	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT wh Deloitte & Touche (1) 180 North Stetson Avenue	ose opinion is contained in th Name – if individual, state last, first, Chicago	nis Report* middle name) IL (State)	60601-6779 (Zip Code)
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT wh Deloitte & Touche (180 North Stetson Avenue (Address)	ose opinion is contained in th Name – if individual, state last, first, Chicago	nis Report* middle name) IL (State)	60601-6779
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT wh Deloitte & Touche (Note: 180 North Stetson Avenue (Address) CHECK ONE:	ose opinion is contained in th Name – if individual, state last, first, Chicago	nis Report* middle name) IL (State)	60601-6779 (Zip Code)
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT wh Deloitte & Touche (Note: Continue of the Countant of the Co	ose opinion is contained in the Name – if individual, state last, first, Chicago (City)	nis Report* middle name) IL (State) PROC	60601-6779 (Zip Code)

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

SEC 1410 (06-02)

3/2/05/

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Brenda Imes	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
my knowledge and belief the accompanying financ Clark Securities, Inc.	ial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
of December 31	, 20_04, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
	rincipal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account
classified solely as that of a customer, except as fol	llows:
None	
	\mathcal{L}
	Signature
	Vice President
\cap	Title
//·/_	
geta . Telers	
/ Notary Public	RTA I. PETERS
This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes	Commission # 1528069 Superation Notice Continue Superation Su
(a) Facing Page.	Los Angeles County
(b) Statement of Financial Condition.	My Comm. Expires Nov 19, 2008
(c) Statement of Income (Loss).	
(d) Statement of Changes in Financial Conditi (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equ	
 ✓ (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equal (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Suboro 	
(f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Suborce (g) Computation of Net Capital.	inflated to Clathis of Creditors.
(b) Computation for Determination of Reserve	Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
☐ (i) Information Relating to the Possession or €	
	planation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the
	erve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
	unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of
consolidation.	
✓ (1) An Oath or Affirmation.✓ (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.	
	es found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

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Deloitte & Touche LLP 180 N. Stetson Avenue Chicago, IL 60601-6779 USA

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors Clark Securities, Inc.:

We have audited the following financial statements of Clark Securities, Inc. (the "Company") for the year ended December 31, 2004, that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934:

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These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, such financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Clark Securities, Inc. at December 31, 2004, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The following supplemental schedules of Clark Securities, Inc. as of December 31, 2004, are presented for the purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934:

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These schedules are the responsibility of the Company's management. Such schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects when considered in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

February 23, 2005

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STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION DECEMBER 31, 2004

ASSETS	
CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$4,854,164
COMMISSIONS RECEIVABLE	2,912,031
OTHER ASSETS	222,879
TOTAL ASSETS	\$7,989,074
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY	
LIABILITIES: Commissions payable Deferred tax liability Accounts payable to affiliated companies Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 191,791 3,129 1,558,374 383,614
Total liabilities	2,136,908
STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY: Common stock—no par value: Authorized shares—1,000 Issued shares—1,000	15,000
Paid-in capital Retained earnings	1,235,000 4,602,166
Total stockholder's equity	5,852,166
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY	\$7,989,074

See notes to financial statements.

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

REVENUES: Commission income Interest income	\$ 68,894,627 43,236
Total revenues	68,937,863
EXPENSES: Commissions Operating	3,674,168 31,917,909
Total expenses	35,592,077
INCOME FROM OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAX EXPENSE	33,345,786
INCOME TAX EXPENSE: Current Deferred	12,834,120 (99,366)
Income tax expense	12,734,754
NET INCOME	\$ 20,611,032

See notes to financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

	Common Stock	Paid-In Capital	Retained Earnings	Total
BALANCE—December 31, 2003	\$15,000	\$1,235,000	\$ 4,183,568	\$ 5,433,568
Distributions to Parent Net income			(20,192,434) 20,611,032	(20,192,434) 20,611,032
BALANCE—December 31, 2004	\$15,000	\$1,235,000	\$ 4,602,166	\$ 5,852,166

See notes to financial statements

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	
Net income	\$ 20,611,032
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash from	
operating activities:	•
Deferred income tax expense	(99,366)
Changes in:	(,,
Commissions receivable	(484,424)
Other assets	84,673
Commissions payable	44,294
Accounts payable to affiliated companies	(1,614,438)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	235,636
1 7	
Net cash from operating activities	18,777,407
FINANCING ACTIVITIES—	
Distributions to Parent	(20,192,434)
Net cash used in financing activities	(20,192,434)
rect cash used in financing activities	(20,192,434)
NET DECREASE IN CASH	(1,415,027)
CASH—Beginning of year	6,269,191
CASH—End of year	\$ 4,854,164
SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION—	•
Cash paid to Parent for income taxes	\$ 12,834,120

See notes to financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

1. ORGANIZATION

Clark Securities, Inc. (the "Company") is a wholly owned subsidiary of Clark Consulting, Inc., which, in turn, is a wholly owned subsidiary of Clark, Inc (the "Parent"). The Company is a broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and is a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. ("NASD"). The Company is engaged in a single line of business as a securities broker-dealer for the sale of variable life insurance, mutual funds, and variable annuities contracts primarily to large U.S. corporations.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Commission Income—Commission income is accrued at the time a contract or policy application is completed, the premium is paid (if applicable) and the party is contractually committed to purchase the contract or policy. In addition, commission income from contract or policy renewals is recognized on the date that the renewal premium is due or paid by the client to the insurance company, depending on the type of policy.

Commissions Receivable—The Company establishes an allowance for doubtful accounts to reduce its receivables to their net realizable value. The allowance is estimated by management based on general factors such as the agings of the receivables and historical collection experience. At December 31, 2004, commissions receivable is reported in the statement of financial condition net of an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$116,803.

Commissions Payable—The Company accrues commission expense and the related commission payable at the time the commission income is recorded.

Cash Equivalents—Highly liquid investments purchased with a maturity of three months or less are considered cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are stated at amounts that approximate fair value.

Income Taxes—The Company's income tax expense is calculated using the asset and liability method. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recorded based on the difference between the financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities at the enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the year in which the deferred tax asset or liability is expected to be settled or realized.

The Company is included in the consolidated federal income tax return of the Parent. The tax-sharing policy between the Company and the Parent provides that the Company will realize tax expense or benefit based on the effect of the Company's earnings or loss on the consolidated income tax return of the Parent. Deferred income taxes reflect the net tax effects of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for income tax purposes, primarily prepaid expenses.

Use of Estimates—The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets

and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

3. NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

As a registered broker-dealer, the Company is subject to the SEC Uniform Net Capital Rule 15c3-1 (the "Rule") under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital, as defined under the Rule, equivalent to the greater of \$5,000 or 6-2/3% of aggregate indebtedness, as defined under the Rule.

As of December 31, 2004, the Company had net capital, as defined under the Rule, of \$5,464,064, which was \$5,415,824 in excess of its required net capital of \$48,240. At December 31, 2004, the Company's aggregate indebtedness to net capital ratio was .13 to 1.00.

4. RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Parent and its affiliates provide services and pay certain expenses on behalf of the Company. An expense allocation arrangement with the Parent was effective for fiscal 2004. During the year ended December 31, 2004, approximately \$30,975,567 was allocated for these services and expenses which are included in operating expenses in the statement of operations.

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

In the normal course of business, the Company invests in various financial assets and incurs various financial liabilities. The fair value of all assets and liabilities approximates their carrying value, as they are short-term in nature.

6. DISTRIBUTIONS TO PARENT

The Company intends to continue to make periodic distributions to the Parent while maintaining net capital in excess of its required amount.

* * * * * *

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL FOR BROKERS AND DEALERS UNDER RULE 15c3-1 UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 DECEMBER 31, 2004

NET CAPITAL	
Total Stockholder's Equity	\$5,852,166
Add: Allowable Credits Accounts payable to affiliated companies	1,410,176
Deductions (nonallowable assets):	222.070
Other assets Commissions receivable	222,879 1,575,399
NET CAPITAL	\$5,464,064
Commissions Payable	\$ 191,791
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Accounts payable to affiliated companies	383,614 148,197
AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS	\$ 723,602
COMPUTATION OF BASIC NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT	
Minimum net capital required to be the greater of \$5,000 or 6-2/3% of aggregate indebtedness	\$ 48,240
MINIMUM NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT	\$ 48,240
EXCESS NET CAPITAL AT 1500%	\$5,415,824
EXCESS NET CAPITAL AT 1000%	\$5,391,704
RATIO OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS TO NET CAPITAL	0.13

RECONCILIATION, INCLUDING APPROPRIATE EXPLANATIONS, OF THE COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL PURSUANT TO RULE 15c3-1 UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 DECEMBER 31, 2004

Net capital, as reported in Company's Part II Focus Report (Unaudited)	\$5,364,698
Annual adjustment to calculate deferred tax liability	99,366
NET CAPITAL	\$5,464,064

COMPUTATION FOR DETERMINATION OF RESERVE REQUIREMENTS FOR BROKERS AND DEALERS PURSUANT TO RULE 15c3-3 UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 DECEMBER 31, 2004

The Company is exempt from the provisions of Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, in that the Company's activities are limited to those set forth in the conditions for exemption appearing in paragraph (k)(2)(ii) of 15c3-3.

Deloitte

Deloitte & Touche LLP 180 N. Stetson Avenue Chicago, IL 60601-6779

Tel: +1 312 946 3000 Fax: +1 312 946 2600 www.deloitte.com

February 23, 2005

To the Board of Directors Clark Securities, Inc.:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Clark Securities, Inc. (the "Company") for the year ended December 31, 2004 (on which we issued our report dated February 23, 2005), we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we have made a study of the practices and procedures (including tests of compliance with such practices and procedures) followed by the Company that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. We did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons, and the recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13 or in complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the Securities and Exchange Commission's (the "Commission") above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of internal control or of such practices and procedures to future periods are subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the degree of compliance with the practices or procedures may deteriorate.

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in the Company's internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving the Company's internal control and its operation (including control activities for safeguarding securities) that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the Commission to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2004, to meet the Commission's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the board of directors, management, the Securities and Exchange Commission, the National Association of Securities Dealers, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Yours truly.

Deloite & Touche UP